Precision Medicine

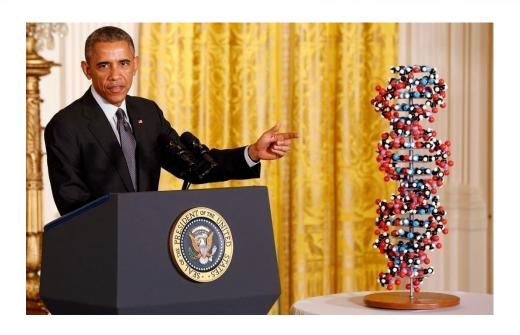
Raju Kucherlapati Harvard Medical School





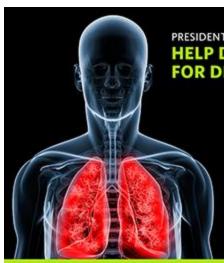


Precision/Personalized Medicine



"And that's why we're here today. Because something called precision medicine -- in some cases, people call it personalized medicine -- gives us one of the greatest opportunities for new medical breakthroughs that we have ever seen."

"And that's the promise of precision medicine -- delivering the right treatments, at the right time, every time to the right person." (President Obama)



PRESIDENT OBAMA'S PRECISION MEDICINE INITIATIVE WOULD HELP DEVELOP BETTER TREATMENTS FOR DISEASES LIKE CANCER BY:

- Accelerating the design and testing of effective treatments tailored to individual patients
- Expanding genetically based clinical cancer trials
- Establishing a national "cancer knowledge network" to guide treatment decisions

US Moon shot program



- Clinical Trials
- Enhanced Data Sharing
- Cancer Immunology
- Implementation Science
- · Pediatric Cancer
- Precision Prevention and Early Detection
- Tumor Evolution and Progression



Recommendations

- Establish a network for direct patient involvement
- Create a clinical trials network devoted exclusively to immunotherapy
- Develop ways to overcome resistance to therapy
- Build a national cancer data ecosystem
- Intensify research on the major drivers of childhood cancers
- Minimize cancer treatment's debilitating side effects
- Expand use of proven prevention and early detection strategies
- Mine past patient data to predict future patient outcomes
- Develop a 3D cancer atlas
- Develop new cancer technologies

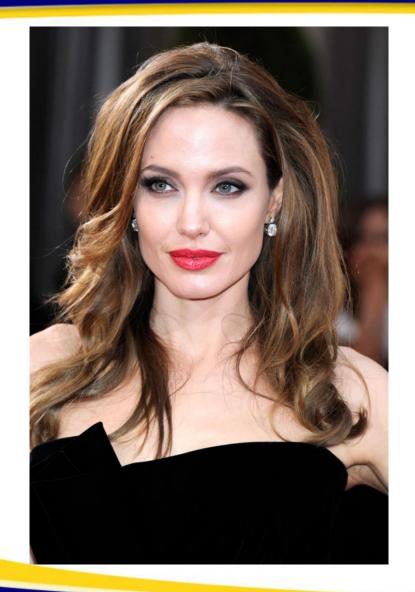
How to keep people healthy

Prevent disease
Detect disease early
Treat disease effectively



Assessing Risk

Cancer Susceptibility



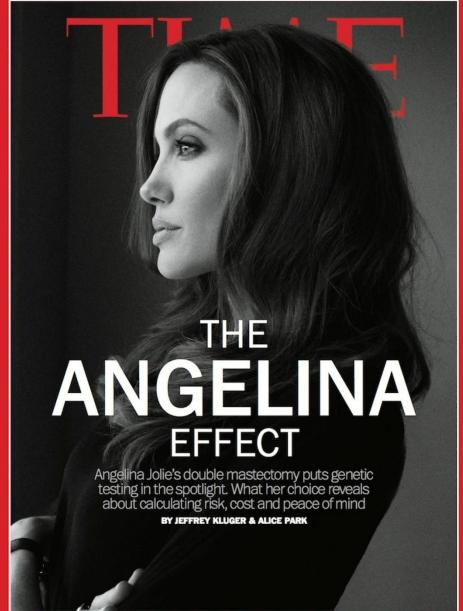


OP-ED CONTRIBUTOR
My Medical Choice
By ANGELINA JOLIE
Published: May 14, 2013

BRCA testing increased by 2 – 2.5X. (Sept 2014. Several news reports)



MAY 27, 2013



Cancer susceptibility genes

10% of all cancers are the result of gene predisposition

Breast Cancer	Colon Cancer/Lynch
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syndrome

BRCA1 MLH1

BRCA2 MLH3

ATM PMS2

BLM MSH2

CDH1 MSH3

CDKN2A MSH6

MUTYH MUTY

MLH1

NBN
PALB2

PRSS1

and SLX4

NCCN: All CRC patients should be tested for Lynch syndrome





Predisposition genes in pediatric cancer

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Germline Mutations in Predisposition Genes in Pediatric Cancer

Jinghui Zhang, Ph.D., Michael F. Walsh, M.D., Gang Wu, Ph.D., Michael N. Edmonson, B.A., Tanja A. Gruber, M.D., Ph.D., John Easton, Ph.D., Dale Hedges, Ph.D., Xiaotu Ma, Ph.D., Xin Zhou, Ph.D.,
Donald A. Yergeau, Ph.D., Mark R. Wilkinson, B.S., Bhavin Vadodaria, B.A., Xiang Chen, Ph.D., Rose B. McGee, M.S., Stacy Hines-Dowell, D.N.P., Regina Nuccio, M.S., Emily Quinn, M.S., Sheila A. Shurtleff, Ph.D., Michael Rusch, B.A., Aman Patel, M.S., Jared B. Becksfort, M.S., Shuoguo Wang, Ph.D., Meaghann S. Weaver, M.D., Li Ding, Ph.D., Elaine R. Mardis, Ph.D., Richard K. Wilson, Ph.D., Amar Gajjar, M.D., David W. Ellison, M.D., Ph.D., Alberto S. Pappo, M.D., Ching-Hon Pui, M.D., Kim E. Nichols, M.D., and James R. Downing, M.D.

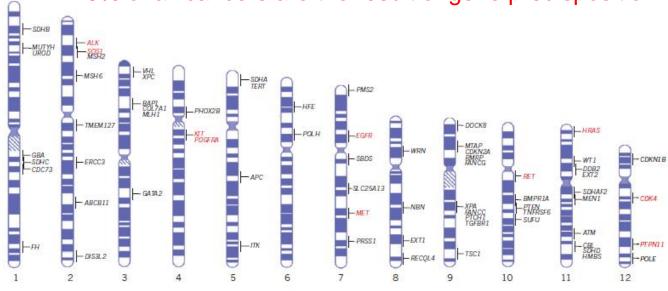
NEJM 373:2336-2346. 2015

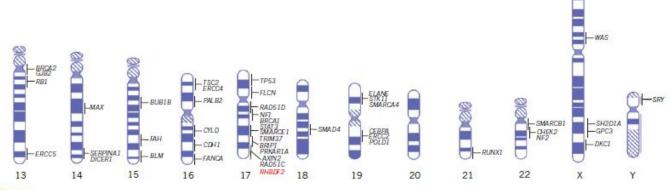
"Germline mutations in cancer-predisposing genes were identified in 8.5% of the children and adolescents with cancer. Family history did not predict the presence of an underlying predisposition syndrome in most patients."



114 Cancer Predisposition Genes

10% of all cancers are the result of gene predisposition





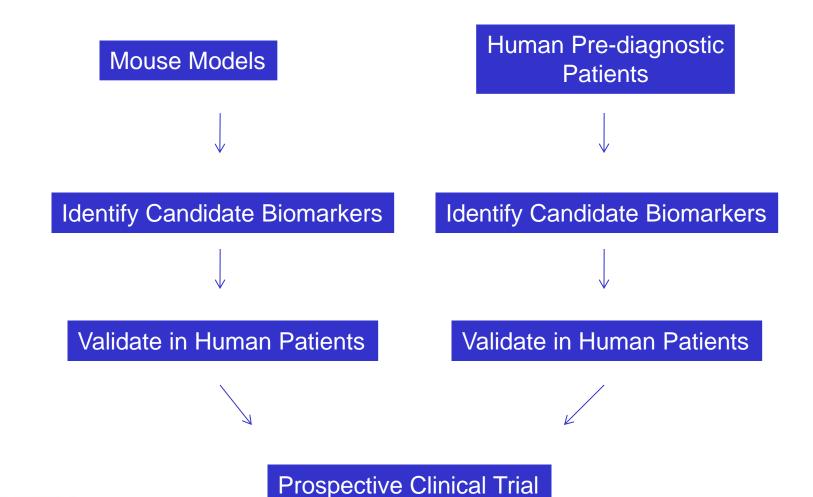
Rahman Nature 505: 302. 2014





Early Detection

Biomarker Discovery Approaches





Cancer Cell Article



Lung Cancer Signatures in Plasma Based on Proteome Profiling of Mouse Tumor Models

Ayumu Taguchi,¹ Katerina Politi,^{2,8} Sharon J. Pitteri,¹ William W. Lockwood,^{2,9} Vitor M. Faça,¹ Karen Kelly-Spratt,¹ Chee-Hong Wong,¹ Qing Zhang,¹ Alice Chin,¹ Kwon-Sik Park,³ Gary Goodman,¹ Adi F. Gazdar,⁴ Julien Sage,³ Daniela M. Dinulescu,⁵ Raju Kucherlapati,⁶ Ronald A. DePinho,⁷ Christopher J. Kemp,¹ Harold E. Varmus,^{2,9} and Samir M. Hanash^{1,*}

	Lung Mouse Models			
Gene	EGFR	Kras	Urethane	SCLC
Sftpb	4.83	3.41	1.99	_
Morc3	*	10	10	_
Fgfr2	9.8	*	_	_
Adam10	7.85	1.5	_	_
Man2b2	4.22	1.46	_	_
Tfpi2	10	*	_	_
Son	*	10	_	_
Eif2ak3	*	9.03	_	_
Hamp2	*	3.07	_	_
Ncan	*	1.45	_	_
Sftpd	10	_	10	_
Mocs1	1.71	_	1.3	_
Nup188	_	*	10	_
lgsf4a	3.55	1.48	1.55	3.32
Ppbp	1.63	1.7	5.12	1.39
Prtg	10	10	_	10

Woman's Health Initiative

Established by NIH in 1991 to address cardiovascular disease, cancer, and osteoporosis

Observational study to identify predictors of disease

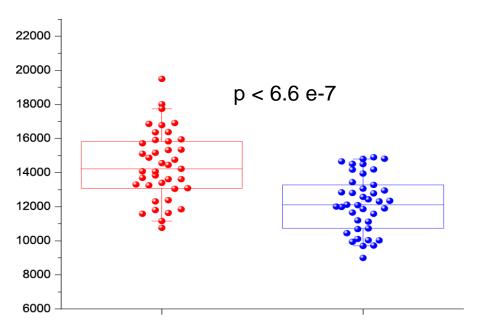
Clinical data

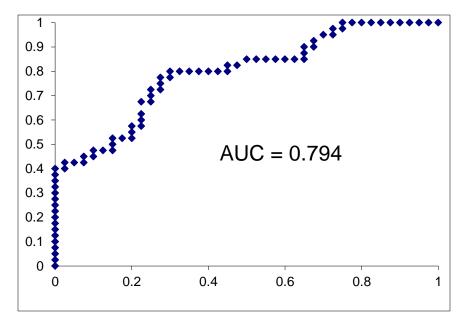
Serum bank

Pre-diagnostic serum from 100 cases and 120 controls

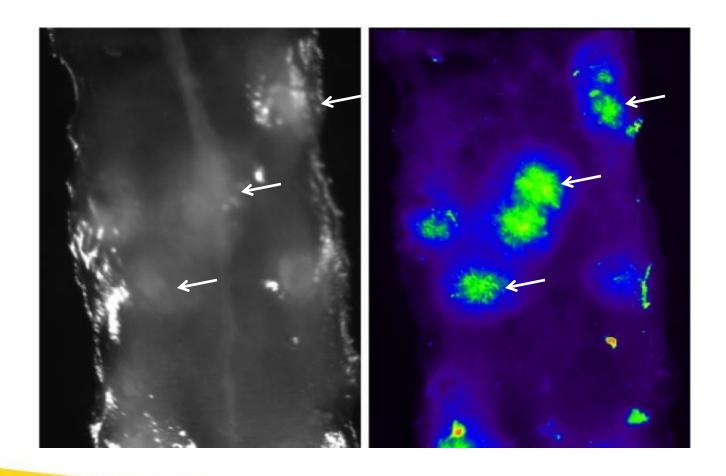
Cases were diagnosed with CRC within 18 months

Cathepsin D

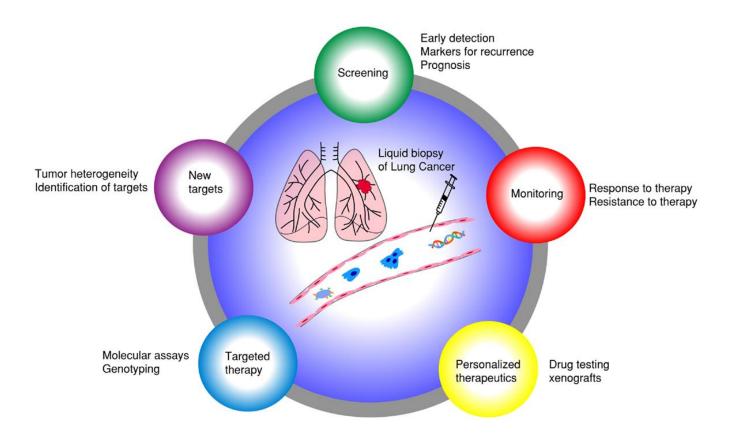




Prosense Imaging

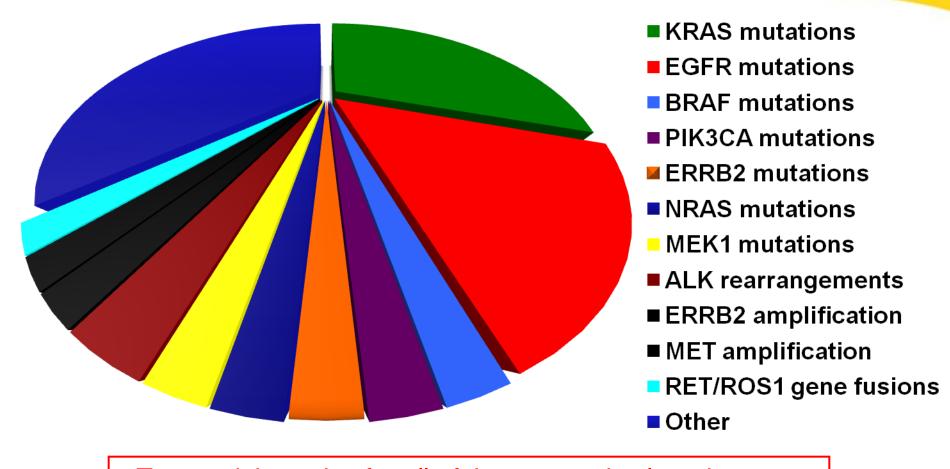


Liquid biopsy



Treatment

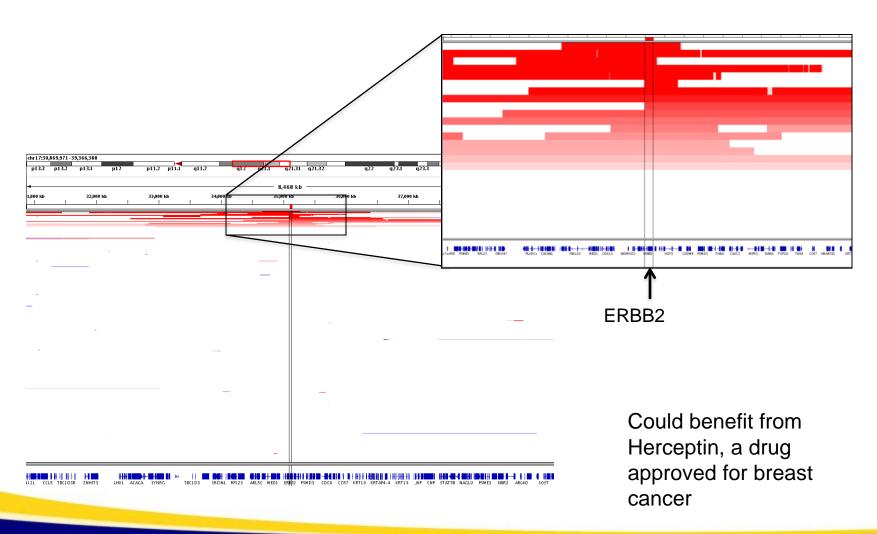
Genetic changes in non-small cell lung cancer



Targeted therapies for all of these genetic alterations are approved or in development

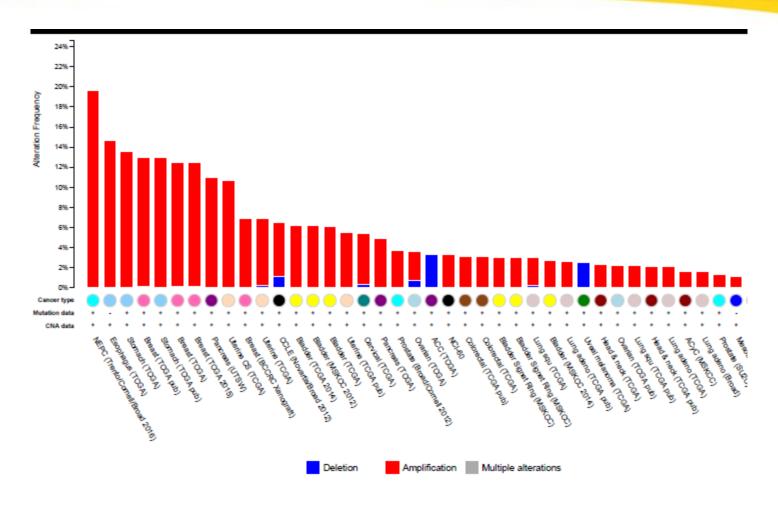


CRC: ERBB2 Amplifications (4%)





ERBB2 amplification in many tumor types

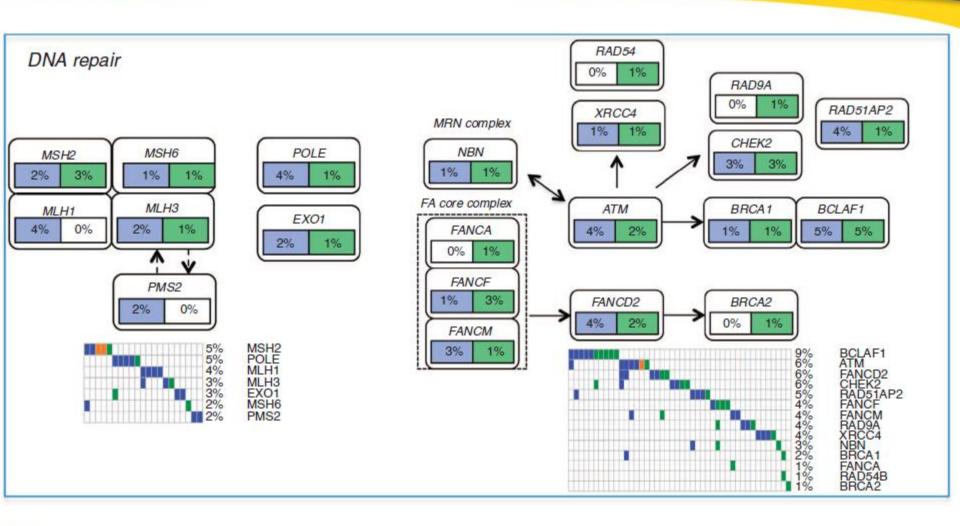


from cBIO Portal





Pancreatic cancer



Witkiewicz et al. Nature Comm. 6: 1-10, 2015

Mutation burden

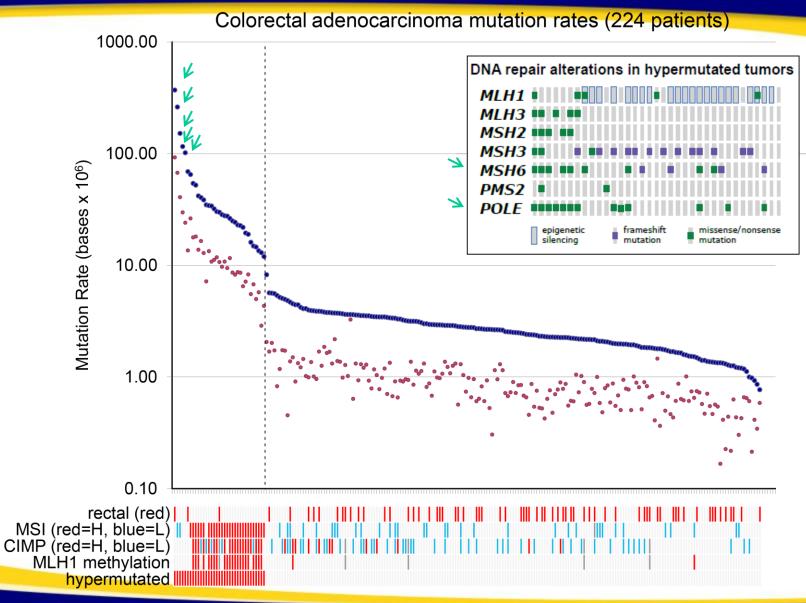
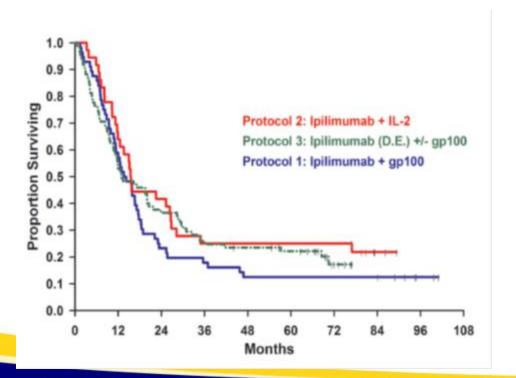






Image courtesy of Bristol-Myers Squibb

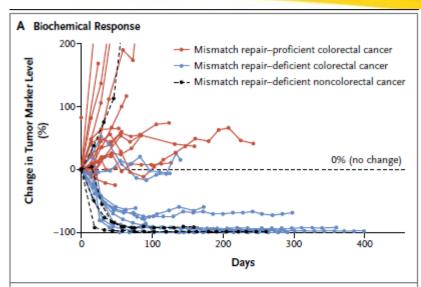


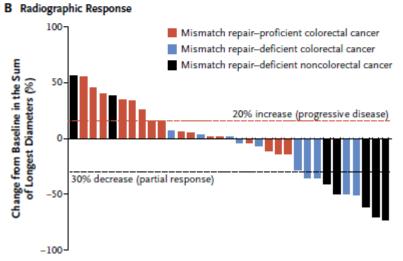


PD-1 Blockade in Tumors with Mismatch-Repair Deficiency

D.T. Le, J.N. Uram, H. Wang, B.R. Bartlett, H. Kemberling, A.D. Eyring, A.D. Skora, B.S. Luber, N.S. Azad, D. Laheru, B. Biedrzycki, R.C. Donehower, A. Zaheer, G.A. Fisher, T.S. Crocenzi, J.J. Lee, S.M. Duffy, R.M. Goldberg, A. de la Chapelle, M. Koshiji, F. Bhaijee, T. Huebner, R.H. Hruban, L.D. Wood, N. Cuka, D.M. Pardoll, N. Papadopoulos, K.W. Kinzler, S. Zhou, T.C. Cornish, J.M. Taube, R.A. Anders, J.R. Eshleman, B. Vogelstein, and L.A. Diaz, Jr.

N Engl J Med 2015;372:2509-20.





Outlook



Future for Precision Medicine

- Scientific knowledge about the role of genetics in many disease is increasing rapidly
- This knowledge is leading to development of novel drugs and therapies
- Continued reductions in cost of DNA sequencing is making genetic testing more affordable
- It is likely that genetic/genomic testing will play a more important role in cancer drug development and patient care
- New approaches for clinical trials are needed